



# SSRT series

## “Hockey Puck” Solid State Relay With Snubberless Triac Output

File E29244

File E29244 UL Recognized for Canada

### Features

- Standard “hockey puck” package.
- Exposed ceramic base plate for reduced thermal resistance.
- Floating terminal design.
- Low cost snubberless triac outputs.
- 10A & 25A rms versions.
- AC & DC input versions.
- 4000V rms isolation.

### Engineering Data

**Form:** 1 Form A (SPST-NO).

**Duty:** Continuous.

**Isolation:** 4000V rms minimum, input - output.

**Isolation Resistance:**  $10^{10}$  ohms @ 500VDC minimum.

**Capacitance:** 10 pF maximum (input to output).

**Temperature Range:**

**Storage:** -40°C to +120°C

**Operating Temperature:** -25°C to +80°C

**Case Material:** Plastic, UL rated 94V-0.

**Base Plate Material:** Ceramic.

**Case and Mounting:** Refer to outline dimension.

**Termination:** Refer to outline dimension.

**Approximate Weight:** 3.5 oz. (98g).

### Ordering Information

Sample Part Number ▶

**SSRT -240 D 10**

1. **Basic Series:** SSRT = “hockey puck” triac output solid state relay

2. **Line Voltage:** 240 = 24-240 VAC

3. **Input Type & Voltage:** A = 90-280 VAC/VDC linear  
D = 3-32 VDC constant current

4. **Maximum Switching Rating:** 10 = .05-10A rms, mounted to heatsink  
25 = .05-25A rms, mounted to heatsink

### Stock Items – The following items are normally maintained in stock for immediate delivery.

SSRT-240A10 SSRT-240D10  
SSRT-240A25 SSRT-240D25

### Input Specifications

Parameter	AC/DC Input/AC Output	DC Input/AC Output
Control Voltage Range $V_{IN}$	90-280VAC/VDC	3-32VDC
Must Operate Voltage $V_{IN(OP)}$ (Max.)	90VAC/VDC	3VDC
Must Release Voltage $V_{IN(REL)}$ (Min.)	10VAC/VDC	1VDC
Input Current	15mA Max. @ 90VAC	15mA Max. @ 5VDC

Output Specification (@ 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

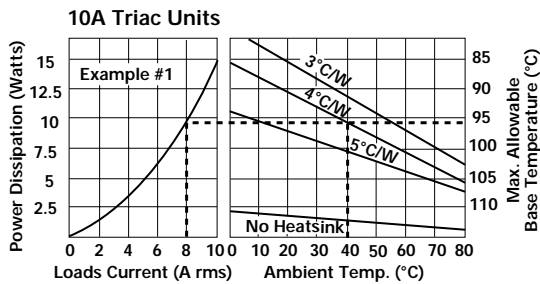
Parameter	Conditions	Units	SSRT-240A10 & SSRT-240D10	SSRT-240A25 & SSRT-240D25
Load Voltage Range $V_L$		V rms	24-240	
Repetitive Blocking Voltage (Min.)		V peak	†600	
Load Current Range $I_L^*$	Resistive	A rms	.05-10	.05-25
Single Cycle Surge Current (Min.)		A peak	100	200
Leakage Current (Off-State) (Max.)	$f = 60 \text{ Hz}$ ; $V_L = \text{Nom.}$ (120 or 240 V rms)	mA rms	0.5	
On-State Voltage Drop (Max.)	$I_L = \text{Max.}$	V peak	1.7	
Static dv/dt (Off-State) (Min.)		V/ $\mu\text{s}$	200	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case ( $R_{\theta j-c}$ ) (Max.)		° C/W	0.6	0.6
Turn-On Time (Max.)	$f = 60 \text{ Hz}$ .	ms	8.3	
Turn-Off Time (Max.)	$f = 60 \text{ Hz}$ .	ms	8.3	
$I^2 t$ Rating	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$	A <sup>2</sup> Sec.	60	260
Load Power Factor Rating	$I_L = \text{Max.}$		0.5-1.0	

\*See Derating Curves

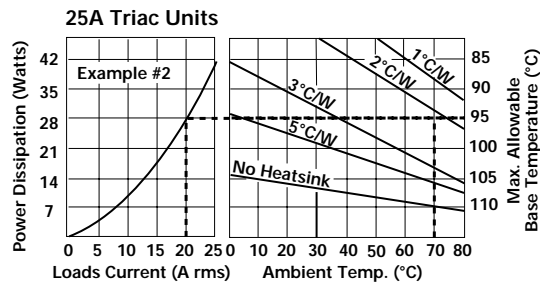
Electrical Characteristics (Thermal Derating Curves)

How To Use These Curves

Knowing maximum load current and maximum ambient temperature, use derating curves to determine the minimum required heat sink and maximum allowable base plate temperature. On left hand power dissipation curve, locate the point corresponding to maximum load current. Extend a line to the right from that point to the intersection of vertical line on right hand chart corresponding to maximum ambient temperature. From heat sink curve, read directly or extrapolate required heat sink size. Extend the line farther to the right and read on the right hand scale the maximum allowable base plate temperature.



**Example #1:**  
**Given:**  $I_L = 8 \text{ A rms @ } 40^\circ\text{C}$   
**Find:** Heatsink required  
**Solution:** From 10A curve  
 Heatsink =  $4^\circ\text{C/W}$

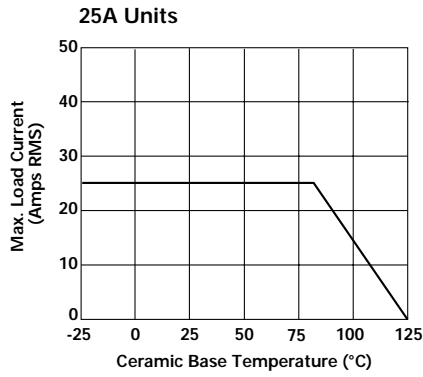
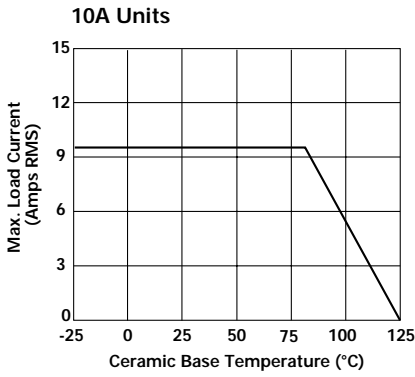


**Example #2:**  
**Given:**  $I_L = 20 \text{ A rms @ } 70^\circ\text{C}$   
**Find:** Required heatsink  
**Solution:** Heatsink =  $2^\circ\text{C/W}$

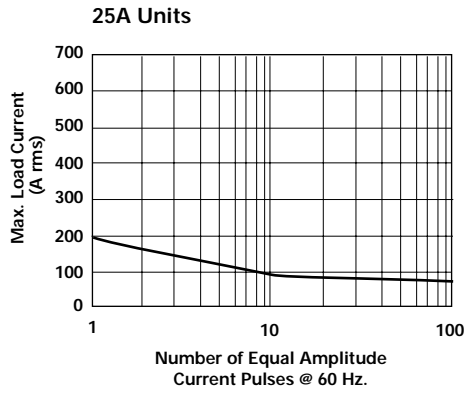
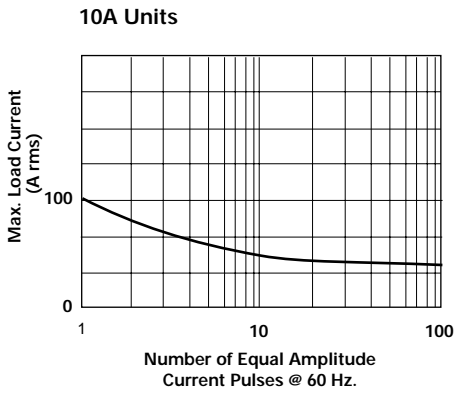
Heatsink Dimensions

- We recommend that solid State Relay Modules be mounted to a heatsink sufficient to maintain the module's base temperature at less than 85°C under worst case ambient temperature and load conditions.
- The heatsink mounting surface should be a smooth (30-40 micro-inch finish), flat (30-40 micro-inch flatness across mating area), un-painted surface which is clean and free of oxidation.
- An even coating of thermal compound (Dow Corning DC340 or equivalent) should be applied to both the heatsink and module mounting surfaces and spread to a uniform depth of .002" to eliminate all air pockets.
- The module should be mounted to the heatsink using two #10 screws. The mounting screws should be torqued to 10 inch-pounds by alternately tightening the screws one quarter turn at a time.

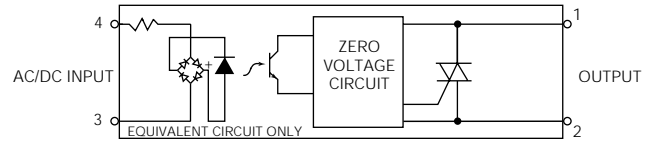
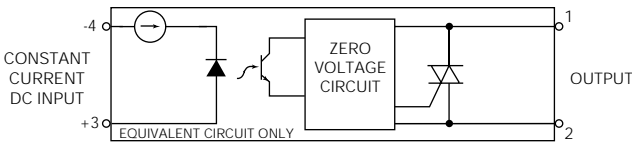
Load Current vs. Base Temperature



Allowable Peak Surge vs. Duration/Expected Lifetime



Operating Diagrams



Outline Dimensions

